SECTION C — $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

- III. Answer any THREE of the following in not more than 200 words each:
- 16. What are the organs that make up the phonatory system and how do they work?
- 17. What is the role of the tongue in the production of the vowel sounds?
- 18. What is termed as stricture and what are its types?
- 19. What is the difficulty in placing the accent on compound words?
- 20. Transcribe the following:

Doctors or barristers or any top professional, finds nothing undignified or shameful in donning the apron to help in the kitchen or nursery. They even boast of their superior organisation of the washing of dishes or the linen. The schoolboy is more often than before expected to help in the household chores. Girls now work in factories and earn their living. Women run companies and rule the nation. As the roles have reversed life has become less complicated and every family member takes pride in any type of work.

S.No. 1167

12UENS01

(For the candidates admitted from 2012–2013 onwards)

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2017.

Third Semester

English

PHONETICS AND TRANSCRIPTION

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

SECTION A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- I. Answer the following questions in about 30 words each:
- 1. How is a speech sound articulated?
- 2. What are called voiceless sounds?
- 3. With examples explain the rounded vowels.
- 4. Why is the upper surface of the tongue convex in shape?
- 5. What are known as Plosives? Give two examples.
- 6. Define Laterals.

- 7. What makes a syllable more prominent than the others?
- 8. What are the accents placed on nouns, adjectives and verbs?
- 9. Transcribe the following:
 - (a) Secunderabad
 - (b) borrowed
- 10. Transcribe the following:
 - (a) Do come and sit down
 - (b) I do teach English.

SECTION B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

- II. Answer the following questions in about 100 words each:
- 11. (a) How can we say that an air stream is the basis of speech?

Or

(b) What are the three groups into which we can divide the organs of speech and what do they comprise?

12. (a) Define vowel. How can we classify it?

Or

- (b) What are called the front vowels? Give some examples.
- 13. (a) What are details of production necessary to describe a consonant sound?

Or

- (b) What are called Affricates?
- 14. (a) Why is it said that the accent in English words is fixed?

Or

- (b) Explain briefly about the accent in compound words.
- 15. (a) Transcribe the following words:
 - (i) Optimist
 - (ii) Appointment
 - (iii) Application
 - (iv) Grumbling
 - (v) Defections

Or

- (b) Transcribe the following sentences:
 - (i) How can you be so sure?
 - ii) I'm preparing an important lecture.