

S.No. 1158

12UEN13

(For the candidates admitted from 2012 – 2013 onwards)

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2017.

Sixth Semester

English

ENGLISH LITERATURE FOR COMPETITIVE
EXAMINATIONS

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Choose the best answer from the choice given below:

1. (a) The first creator of English verification is _____
 - (i) John Gower
 - (ii) John Wyclif
 - (iii) Geoffrey Chaucer
 - (iv) William Tyndale.
- (b) Faerie queene is _____
 - (i) A simile
 - (ii) An art work
 - (iii) A metaphor
 - (iv) An allegory

2. (a) Francis Bacon is known as a great writer because of his _____
- (i) New Atlantics
 - (ii) Advancement of learning
 - (iii) History of Henry VIII
 - (iv) Essays
- (b) Tindale's translation of the Bible was completed by _____
- (i) Luther
 - (ii) Calvin
 - (iii) Miles corerdale
 - (iv) Lyly
3. (a) Which of the following was written by pope?
- (i) The dunciad
 - (ii) The Indian queen
 - (iii) Pemela
 - (iv) Nigh thoughts
- (b) Which of the following is not a novel by Scott?
- (i) The abbot
 - (ii) The pirate
 - (iii) The fortunes of Nigel
 - (iv) The Warden

4. (a) Robert burn was _____
- (i) A Scot writing in normal English
 - (ii) An English writing in Scottish tongue
 - (iii) A welsh writing in English
 - (iv) An English writing in Welsh
- (b) 1660 marks
- (i) Restoration of king Charles II
 - (ii) Beginning of the Renaissance
 - (iii) End of the Miltonic Age
 - (iv) None of the above
5. (a) 1702 – 1740 period is known as the age of
- (i) Romanticism
 - (ii) Neo classicalism
 - (iii) Classicism
 - (iv) Positivism.
- (b) Who wrote "The Seasons"?
- (i) Richardson
 - (ii) Milton
 - (iii) Johnson
 - (iv) James Thombsen.

6. (a) George Crabber's poetry is called
- (i) Sensible poetry
 - (ii) Realistic poetry
 - (iii) Mock-heroic play
 - (iv) Revolutionary poetry.
- (b) Who used these words?
"Let Vs rather plant more laurals for to
engerland our poet's head"
- (i) Plato (ii) Aristotle
 - (iii) Socrates (iv) Sidney
7. (a) Which is true of Arnold's criticism?
- (i) As a literary critic he has clearly defined doctrines
 - (ii) He has written of homer better than any of his contem poraries
 - (iii) He has lucidity of expression and an easy eloquence
 - (iv) All of the above
- (b) Which of the following statements is not true?
- (i) Disraeli works include "vivian Grey" the young duke and venitia.
 - (ii) Disraeli supplied the "Young England" partly with a doctrine

- (iii) Disraeli was the grandson of a venitian jew settled in England
 - (iv) He kindled racial prejudice in the nation of aristocracy.
8. (a) Who wrote "The song of the shirt and the Bridge of sighs?"
- (i) Tennyson
 - (ii) Thomas hood
 - (iii) D.G. Rossetti
 - (iv) Ebenezar Elliot
- (b) 1875-1914 in Britain characterized
- (i) Romantic revival
 - (ii) Romanticism
 - (iii) Classicism
 - (iv) Pre-romanticism.
9. (a) Who among the following is not a war poet?
- (i) Sir Herbert read
 - (ii) Rupert Brooke
 - (iii) T.S. Eliot
 - (iv) Robert Graves

(b) Identify the writer of these works. Eyeless in Gaza, point counter point, Brave new world and Island

- (i) Graham Greene
- (ii) Aldous Huxley
- (iii) D.H. Lawrence
- (iv) E.M. Forster.

10. (a) In which of these plays Beckett is the central character.

- (i) The confidential clerk
- (ii) The cocktail party
- (iii) Murder in the cathedral
- (iv) The elder statesman.

(b) Who was known by the pseudonym, 'A.E'?

- (i) George Moore
- (ii) George W. Russell
- (iii) Oscar wilde
- (iv) W.B. Yeats.

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Choose the best answer from the choices given below:

11. (a) (i) Chaucer imported from France

- (1) Octo syllabic line
- (2) Deca syllabic line
- (3) Iambic hexameter
- (4) Heroic pentameter.

(ii) Who is called the parent of modern science?

- (1) Shakespeare
- (2) Sir Thomas more
- (3) Francis Bacon
- (4) Brain worm.

(iii) Dr. Faustus is a _____

- (1) Godlyman
- (2) Genuine in cornation of the renaissance spirit
- (3) Mighty conqueror
- (4) Blood thirsty beast.

(iv) Confessio Amantis was a _____

- (1) Comedy
- (2) Tragedy
- (3) Collection of stores
- (4) Collection of essays

(v) Chery chase is the oldest and the finest of _____

- (1) Ballads
- (2) Odes
- (3) Sonnets
- (4) Novels.

Or

(b) (i) Every man is a _____

- (1) Morality play
- (2) Miracle play
- (3) History
- (4) Mystery

(ii) The Kentish Reasants made their rising under

- (1) Elizabeth Taylor
- (2) Wat Taylor
- (3) Jagdish Tytler
- (4) William Tindale

(iii) Which is true of Dr. Faustus?

- (1) Tamberlain succeeded Doctor faustus
- (2) It is the story of Alchemist who sells his soul to the devil
- (3) It is the story of a sythian shepherd obsessed with power
- (4) It is the story of an avaricious Jew.

(iv) Who was called by pope as "The Wisest, brightest, meanest of mankind?"

- (1) Judas
- (2) Bunyan
- (3) Caliban
- (4) Bacon.

(v) Historical ballads talk about _____

- (1) The exploits of kings in battle
- (2) The rebels against the established law
- (3) The family feuds and murders
- (4) The ancient folklore.

12. (a) (i) Elizabethan literature, the expressions of the national genius has its birth in _____

- (1) Hellenism
- (2) French
- (3) German
- (4) Italianism

(ii) The first English man to write Pindaric ode, with strophe, anti strophe and epode, was

- (1) Spencer
- (2) Fletcher
- (3) Ben Johnson
- (4) Donne

(iii) Who was called 'a sort of prose Shakespeare' by Lamb?

- (1) Dekkar
- (2) Heywood
- (3) Green
- (4) Peele

(iv) Hudibras was written by

- (1) Dryden
- (2) Samuel Butler
- (3) Dr. Johnson
- (4) Maxwell

(v) Locke's doctrine was known as _____

- (1) Political idealism
- (2) Idealistic philosophy
- (3) Philosophical empiricism
- (4) Empirical idealism.

Or

(b) (i) Which of the following poets does not belong to the end of the 17th Century?

- (1) William Walsh
- (2) John pomfret
- (3) Garth
- (4) None of the above

(ii) Essay on satire and Essay of dramatic poesy were written by

- (1) Dryden
- (2) Dr. Johnson
- (3) Butler
- (4) D' Avenant

(iii) The pulley was written by _____

- (1) Milton
- (2) Thomas Carew
- (3) Richard lovelace
- (4) Geroge Herbert

(iv) Fox, vulture, old crow, little crow and fly appear in

- (1) Epicoene
- (2) Volpone
- (3) Bartholomew
- (4) A Tale of a tub

(v) History of the world was written by

- (1) Marlow
- (2) Shakespeare
- (3) Hollinshed
- (4) Sir Walter Raleigh.

13. (a) (i) Who was the head of state during 1702-1740 period?

- (1) Queen Anne
- (2) Queen Mary Tudor
- (3) Queen Elizabeth
- (4) Queen Victoria

(ii) Tatler is the individual work of

- (1) Steele
- (2) Addison
- (3) Depoe
- (4) Dunton

(iii) Who were the founders of the "Anti-Jacobin"?

- (1) Addison and Steele
- (2) Burke and Godwin
- (3) George Canning, J.H. Frere and William Gifford
- (4) Charlotte Smith, Mrs. Inchbalet and Mrs. Opie

(iv) Which of the following is not a work by Wordsworth?

- (1) The Recluse
- (2) The Prelude
- (3) Peter Bell
- (4) Hyperion

(v) Which of the following was not written by Southey?

- (1) Thalab
- (2) Rosalind and Helen
- (3) Kehama
- (4) Medoc.

Or

(b) (i) Which of the following were written by Scott?

- (1) Tales of my Landlord
- (2) The Heart of Midlothian
- (3) Rob Roy
- (4) All of the above

(ii) Who was the Author of these poems?
Table talk, the progress of Error, truth,
expostulations, hope, Charity,
Conversation, Retirement?

- (1) Richard Graves
- (2) Crabbe
- (3) John Wesley
- (4) William Cowper

(iii) Who wrote the prophetic books?

- (1) Words worth
- (2) Southey
- (3) Blake
- (4) Burns

(iv) Adam smith is an _____

- (1) Economist
- (2) Autobiographer
- (3) Historian
- (4) Ophthalmologist.

(v) A tale of a tub was written by

- (1) Goldsmith
- (2) Defoe
- (3) Smottle
- (4) Swift.

14. (a) (i) Which of the following was not written
by Keats?

- (1) Cain
- (2) Hyperion
- (3) The Eve of St. Agnes
- (4) Odes.

(ii) Match the following

- | | | |
|--------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| (1) Charles Dickens | – | (A) The
infernal
marriage |
| (2) Thomas Cartyle | – | (B) Great
expectat-
ions |
| (3) Benjamin
Disraeli | – | (C) Latter
day pamp-
hlets |
| (4) Charlotte Bronte | – | (D) The
professor |

Or

(b) Say yes or no:

- (i) Christina Rossetti was the younger
sister of Dante Gabriele Rossetti.
- (ii) Her poetry does not pulsate with the
spirit of impassioned romanticism.
- (iii) A veil of famine, reserve and piety
interposes itself between her heart and
her words.
- (iv) Goblin market is a delightful Fairy
Tale.
- (v) In Memorium is elegiac.

15. (a) (i) Who among the following is a war poet?

- (1) Siegfried Sassoon
- (2) T. Sturge Moore
- (3) Lascelles Abercrombie
- (4) Robert Bridges.

(ii) Whose works are "The quiet American, A burnt out case, A gun for sale and The comedians?"

- (1) Joyce Cary
- (2) George Orwell
- (3) Graham Greene
- (4) Aldous Huxley.

(iii) Find out the odd man out

- (1) Galsworthy
- (2) Sir James Barrie
- (3) Bernard Shaw
- (4) A.J. Cronin

(iv) Who wrote "In memory of Yeats"?

- (1) T.S. Eliot
- (2) W.H. Auden
- (3) D.H. Lawrence
- (4) G.K. Chesterton

(v) In which critical work, story, people, plot, fantasy, prophesy, pattern and rhythm are analysed?

- (1) The novel now
- (2) The novelist's responsibility
- (3) Aspects of the novel,
- (4) Time and the novel.

Or

(b) Match the following

- | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| (i) Stephen
Spender | — | (1) Out of the picture |
| (ii) Luis
Machinece | — | (2) Death of Satan |
| (iii) Norman
Nicholson | — | (3) Trial of a judge |
| (iv) Roland
Dun can | — | (4) Prophecy to the
wind |
| (v) T.S. Eliot | — | (5) The elder
statesman |

PART C — (3 × 10 = 30 marks)

Answer any THREE of the following.

16. (a) The age of Chaucer is _____

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| (i) 1300 – 1400 | (ii) 1360 – 1400 |
| (iii) 1340 – 1400 | (iv) 1330 – 1400 |

- (b) The poem that celebrates the marriage of Lady Elizabeth and Lady Katherine Somerset is
- (i) Prologue
 - (ii) Amoretti
 - (iii) Epithalamion
 - (iv) Prothalamion
- (c) "It is the Glory of man to pass by an offence"
The famous words by king Solomon of the Bible are quoted in
- (i) Of Adversity (ii) Of Truth
 - (iii) Of Death (iv) Of Revenge
- (d) The other name for "Ars poetica" is
- (i) Ars poetica
 - (ii) Poetics
 - (iii) Defence of poesis
 - (iv) Art of poetry
- (e) Who said, employment of metre, does not make one poet?
- (i) Homer (ii) Eliot
 - (iii) Sidney (iv) Plato

- (f) The first creator of English versification is _____
- (i) John Gower
 - (ii) John Wyclif
 - (iii) Geoffrey Chaucer
 - (iv) William Tyndale
- (g) William Longland wrote _____
- (i) Roman de la Rose
 - (ii) Beowulf
 - (iii) Morte-d Arthur
 - (iv) Piers plowman
- (h) The king who was also a poet, lived during 1394-1436 was _____
- (i) King James I
 - (ii) King James II
 - (iii) King Edward I
 - (iv) Edward II
- (i) Humanism in England was heralded by _____
- (i) Sir Thomas More's Utopia
 - (ii) Malory's press
 - (iii) Caxton's press
 - (iv) None

- (j) The age of Chaucer _____
- (i) Witnessed the discoveries of Columbus
- (ii) Did not witness any change in the religious orthodoxy
- (iii) Was an age of unrest and transition
- (iv) Includes Shakespeare.
17. (a) The plays of the early 15th Century England were called _____
- (i) Miracles (ii) Moralities
- (iii) Mysteries (iv) Histories
- (b) The fall of Constantinople to the Turks occurred in _____
- (i) 1453 (ii) 1543
- (iii) 1345 (iv) 1435
- (c) "Shepherd's calendar" was written by _____
- (i) Spenser (ii) Shakespeare
- (iii) Chaucer (iv) Sidney
- (d) Who among the following was not a court poet?
- (i) Sir Walter Raleigh
- (ii) Nicholas Udall
- (iii) John Zely
- (iv) Sir Philip Sidney

- (e) "All the world's a stage
And All the men and women merely players"
Whose philosophy is this?
- (i) Prospero (ii) Hamlet
- (iii) Horatio (iv) Jaques
- (f) Who wrote these plays, "The witch and A Game at chess"?
- (i) Dekkar (ii) Middleton
- (iii) Webster (iv) Hey wood
- (g) When were the theatres closed by parliament in London?
- (i) 1640 (ii) 1642
- (iii) 1650 (iv) 1652
- (h) Which is the principle work of Milton?
- (i) L'Allegro
- (ii) Pradise last
- (iii) Pradise Regained
- (iv) Samson Agonistes
- (i) Who gave us the concept of "Humours"?
- (i) Dr. H. Johnson
- (ii) Dry den
- (iii) Ben Johnson
- (iv) Congreve

- (j) The two great memoir writers of restoration period are _____
- (i) Newton and Hobbes
 - (ii) Clarendon and Burnet
 - (iii) Webster and dekkar
 - (iv) Evelyn and pepys.

18. Match the following:

- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (a) Pamela | – (i) Laurence sterne |
| (b) Humphry | – (ii) Pictureque Novel |
| (c) Joseph Andrews | – (iii) Epistolary novel |
| (d) A sentimental Journey | – (iv) Smollett |
| (e) Dickens | – (v) Confessional sentimentalism |
| (f) Thackeray | – (vi) Low ranks |
| (g) Goldsmith | – (vii) Snobbery |
| (h) Richardson | – (viii) Epistolary novel |
| (i) Thomas Carlyle | – (ix) New principles of Ethics |
| (j) Herbert spenser | – (x) Philosopher and historian |

19. (a) (i) Which one of the following was not an essayist of the early nineteenth century?

- (1) Charles lamb
- (2) Leigh Hunt
- (3) William Hazlitt
- (4) George Meredith.

- (ii) Which of the following statements was not true of Lander and peacock?

- (1) They were different from their romantic contemporaries
- (2) Both had middle – class family background.
- (3) Men of transition, they react against their crime
- (4) They were more of romanticism than of classicism.

- (iii) Which of the following was not written by Charlotte Bronte?

- (1) Jane Eyre
- (2) New Arabian Nights
- (3) Shirley
- (4) Villette

(iv) Which of the following is not a work by Charles Dickens?

- (1) The earthly paradise
- (2) Nicholas Nickleby
- (3) The old curiosity shop
- (4) Oliver Twist.

(b) Say yes or no:

- (i) Charlotte Bronte's novels are tinged in passion and more austerity.
- (ii) Wuthering heights divines the emotions of the most passionate souls.
- (iii) Newman played an important part from the beginning of the oxford movement.
- (iv) Pre-Raphaelitism and the Aesthetic revival are the vigorous offshoots of Romanticism.
- (v) Tennyson was aware of the new influences at work in the atmosphere of his epoch.
- (vi) Tennyson's works include "The princess in memoriam, maud and idylls of the king.

20. (a) Match the following;

- (i) Walter de la mare (1) The out landers
- (ii) Edwin muir (2) Hong Hong house
- (iii) Edith sitwell (3) The structure of the novel
- (iv) Edmund Blunden (4) Song of childhood
- (v) The sacred wood (5) W.B Yeats
- (vi) The celtic Twilight (6) T.S. Eliot
- (vii) The Victorian age (7) F.R. Leavis in literature
- (viii) New Bearings (8) G.K. Chesterton in English poetry

(b) Who wrote Art and Action?

- (i) C.H. Sisson (ii) Francis scarfe
- (iii) F.T. Prince (iv) Alan Ross

(c) How do you classify the poets of late 1950s of English poetry?

(i) Academics

(ii) The movement poets

(iii) University wits

(iv) Neo – experiences.
